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| **Alderley Edge Community Primary School** | | |
| **TOPIC: Comparing UK to non European area (China - Asia)** | **Strand: Place Knowledge / Human and Physical Geography** | **Year 2** |

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| **What I should already know** |
| * There are seven continents, including Asia and Europe, and five oceans. * The village I live in is called Alderley Edge. * Alderley Edge is in England, which is in the UK. The UK is in the continent of Europe. * China is an example of a country that can be found in the continent of Asia. |

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| **Key Facts** |
| * The United Kingdom is in Europe. * China is in Asia. * Europe and Asia are continents. * The United Kingdom and China are countries. * Both the UK and China are made up of villages, towns and cities. * China is much larger than the UK. * China and the UK have different climates. This means that the weather is generally different. * Beijing is the capital city of China. |

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| **Geographical Skills and Fieldwork** |
| * Use aerial photographs to compare Alderley Edge and Chinese village . What is the same? What is different? * Use an atlas to find China and the UK. Can you give instructions on how to use an atlas? * Contact pupils in schools in China. What questions do you want to ask them? What can you tell them about Alderley Edge? |

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| **Vocabulary** | |
| capital city | the city where the government sits. London is the capital city of England and the UK. |
| city | a large **town**. London is a **city**. |
| climate | weather that is typical of a place |
| continent | a very large area of land that consists of many **countries**. Europe is a **continent**. |
| country | an area of land that is controlled by its own government. |
| human features | features of land that have been impacted by human activity |
| humid | a climate that is very hot and damp |
| landscape | everything you can see when you look across an area of land, including hills, rivers, buildings, trees, and plants. |
| physical features | natural features of land |
| rainfall | the amount of rain that falls in a time period |
| seasons | main periods of the year that can have their own weather conditions |
| skyscrapers | a very tall building with many floors |
| temperature | a measure of how hot or cold something is |
| tourist | a person who is visiting a place for pleasure and interest, especially when they are on holiday. |
| town | a large group of houses, shops and buildings where people live and work. **Towns** are larger than **villages** but smaller than **cities**. Sudbury is a **town**. |
| vegetation | plants, trees and flowers |
| village | a small group of houses, perhaps with a few shops. Alderley Edge is a **village**. |

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| **Human Geographical Features of China** |
| * In Beijing, people live in **houses** and apartments. * There are tall buildings, which are called **skyscrapers**. * Beijing also has many parks, **museums**, shopping malls and supermarkets. * There is also a **train stations** and an **airports**. * Many **tourists** visit China. * China is famous for the Great Wall of China which is one of the only man made **landmarks** that can be seen from space. * China has the largest population in the world. * The official language is Mandarin but there are other languages too |

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| **Physical Geographical Features of China** |
| * The 3 main rivers in China e.g. Yangtze, Huang he and Pearl rivers. * There are mountains and flat plains * The Himalayan mountains are in the south-west of china. * China has different climates. The north is cold and dry and the south is warmer and wetter. * There is a great flat plain in the north-west of China. |





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